

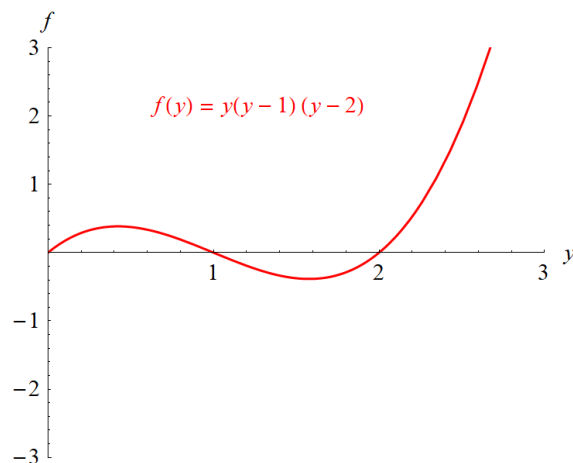
### Problem 3

Problems 1 through 6 involve equations of the form  $dy/dt = f(y)$ . In each problem sketch the graph of  $f(y)$  versus  $y$ , determine the critical (equilibrium) points, and classify each one as asymptotically stable or unstable. Draw the phase line, and sketch several graphs of solutions in the  $ty$ -plane.

$$dy/dt = y(y-1)(y-2), \quad y_0 \geq 0$$

#### Solution

In this problem  $f(y) = y(y-1)(y-2)$ . Below is a graph of  $f(y)$  versus  $y$ .

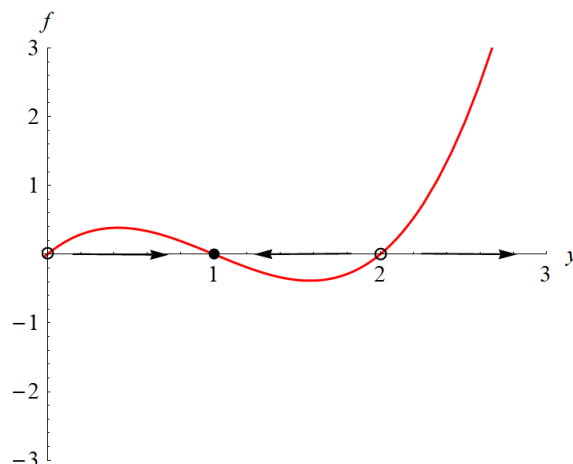


The equilibrium points are found by solving  $f(y) = 0$  for  $y$ .

$$y(y-1)(y-2) = 0$$

$$y = \{0, 1, 2\}$$

The open and closed circles represent unstable and stable equilibrium points, respectively.  $y = 0$  and  $y = 2$  are unstable while  $y = 1$  is stable.



The arrows pointing left and right on the  $y$ -axis (phase line) mean that  $y$  is decreasing and increasing in time, respectively.

Some possible solution curves in the  $ty$ -plane for  $t \geq 0$  and  $y \geq 0$  are shown below. At every point, they are tangent to the direction field vectors  $\langle 1, y(y - 1)(y - 2) \rangle$ .

