

Problem 5

Find the Laplace transform of each of the following functions:

- (a) $f(t) = t$
- (b) $f(t) = t^2$
- (c) $f(t) = t^n$, where n is a positive integer

Solution

The Laplace transform of a function $f(t)$ is defined as

$$F(s) = \mathcal{L}\{f(t)\} = \int_0^{\infty} e^{-st} f(t) dt.$$

Find the Laplace transform of t .

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}\{t\} &= \int_0^{\infty} t e^{-st} dt \\ &= \int_0^{\infty} \left(-\frac{\partial}{\partial s} e^{-st} \right) dt \\ &= -\frac{d}{ds} \int_0^{\infty} e^{-st} dt \\ &= -\frac{d}{ds} \left(-\frac{1}{s} e^{-st} \right) \Big|_0^{\infty} \\ &= -\frac{d}{ds} \left(\frac{1}{s} \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{s^2} \end{aligned} \tag{1}$$

Find the Laplace transform of t^2 .

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}\{t^2\} &= \int_0^{\infty} t^2 e^{-st} dt \\ &= \int_0^{\infty} \left(\frac{\partial^2}{\partial s^2} e^{-st} \right) dt \\ &= \frac{d^2}{ds^2} \int_0^{\infty} e^{-st} dt \\ &= \frac{d^2}{ds^2} \left(-\frac{1}{s} e^{-st} \right) \Big|_0^{\infty} \\ &= \frac{d^2}{ds^2} \left(\frac{1}{s} \right) \\ &= \frac{2}{s^3} \end{aligned} \tag{2}$$

Note that for equations (1) and (2) to be true, it is critical that $s > 0$. Generalizing the results, we see that

$$\mathcal{L}\{t^n\} = \frac{n!}{s^{n+1}}.$$