

Exercise 9

Let $z = re^{i\theta}$ be a nonzero complex number and n a negative integer ($n = -1, -2, \dots$). Then define $z^{1/n}$ by means of the equation $z^{1/n} = (z^{-1})^{1/m}$ where $m = -n$. By showing that the m values of $(z^{1/m})^{-1}$ and $(z^{-1})^{1/m}$ are the same, verify that $z^{1/n} = (z^{1/m})^{-1}$. (Compare with Exercise 7, Sec. 8.)