Exercise 4

Using the fact that the modulus $|e^{i\theta}-1|$ is the distance between the points $e^{i\theta}$ and 1 (see Sec. 4), give a geometric argument to find a value of θ in the interval $0 \le \theta < 2\pi$ that satisfies the equation $|e^{i\theta}-1|=2$.

Ans. π .