

### Exercise 13

Let the point  $s_0 = \alpha + i\beta$  ( $\beta \neq 0$ ) be a pole of order  $m$  of a function  $F(s)$ , which has a Laurent series representation

$$F(s) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n (s - s_0)^n + \frac{b_1}{s - s_0} + \frac{b_2}{(s - s_0)^2} + \cdots + \frac{b_m}{(s - s_0)^m} \quad (b_m \neq 0)$$

in the punctured disk  $0 < |s - s_0| < R_2$ . Also, assume that  $\overline{F(s)} = F(\bar{s})$  at points  $s$  where  $F(s)$  is analytic.

(a) With the aid of the result in Exercise 6, Sec. 56, point out how it follows that

$$F(\bar{s}) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \overline{a_n} (\bar{s} - \bar{s}_0)^n + \frac{\overline{b_1}}{\bar{s} - \bar{s}_0} + \frac{\overline{b_2}}{(\bar{s} - \bar{s}_0)^2} + \cdots + \frac{\overline{b_m}}{(\bar{s} - \bar{s}_0)^m} \quad (\overline{b_m} \neq 0)$$

when  $0 < |\bar{s} - \bar{s}_0| < R_2$ . Then replace  $\bar{s}$  by  $s$  here to obtain a Laurent series representation for  $F(s)$  in the punctured disk  $0 < |s - \bar{s}_0| < R_2$ , and conclude that  $\bar{s}_0$  is a pole of order  $m$  of  $F(s)$ .

(b) Use results in Exercise 12 and part (a) to show that

$$\operatorname{Res}_{s=s_0} [e^{st} F(s)] + \operatorname{Res}_{s=\bar{s}_0} [e^{st} F(s)] = 2e^{\alpha t} \operatorname{Re} \left\{ e^{i\beta t} \left[ b_1 + \frac{b_2}{1!} t + \cdots + \frac{b_m}{(m-1)!} t^{m-1} \right] \right\}$$

when  $t$  is real, as stated just before Example 1 in Sec. 89.