

Exercise 1.5.5

Assume that the temperature is circularly symmetric: $u = u(r, t)$, where $r^2 = x^2 + y^2$. We will derive the heat equation for this problem. Consider any circular annulus $a \leq r \leq b$.

- (a) Show that the total heat energy is $2\pi \int_a^b c\rho u r \, dr$.
- (b) Show that the flow of heat energy per unit time out of the annulus at $r = b$ is $-2\pi b K_0 \partial u / \partial r|_{r=b}$. A similar result holds at $r = a$.
- (c) Use parts (a) and (b) to derive the circularly symmetric heat equation without sources:

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \frac{k}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left(r \frac{\partial u}{\partial r} \right).$$