

Exercise 2.5.3

Solve Laplace's equation *outside* a circular disk ($r \geq a$) subject to the boundary condition [*Hint*: In polar coordinates,

$$\nabla^2 u = \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left(r \frac{\partial u}{\partial r} \right) + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \theta^2} = 0,$$

it is known that if $u(r, \theta) = \phi(\theta)G(r)$, then $\frac{r}{G} \frac{d}{dr} \left(r \frac{dG}{dr} \right) = -\frac{1}{\phi} \frac{d^2 \phi}{d\theta^2}$.]:

(a) $u(a, \theta) = \ln 2 + 4 \cos 3\theta$

(b) $u(a, \theta) = f(\theta)$

You may assume that $u(r, \theta)$ remains finite as $r \rightarrow \infty$.