

Exercise 1

Solve $u_{xx} + u_{yy} = 0$ in the rectangle $0 < x < a$, $0 < y < b$ with the following boundary conditions:

$$\begin{array}{ll} u_x = -a & \text{on } x = 0 \\ u_x = 0 & \text{on } x = a \\ u_y = b & \text{on } y = 0 \\ u_y = 0 & \text{on } y = b. \end{array}$$

(*Hint:* Note that the necessary condition of Exercise 6.1.11 is satisfied. A shortcut is to guess that the solution might be a quadratic polynomial in x and y .)

Solution

Because the first derivatives of u are constant or zero on the boundary, we seek a solution that is quadratic in x and y .

$$u(x, y) = C_1 + C_2x + C_3x^2 + C_4y + C_5y^2$$

Substitute this form into the PDE and the four boundary conditions to obtain a system of equations involving the constants.

$$\begin{array}{ll} u_{xx} + u_{yy} = 0 & \rightarrow 2C_3 + 2C_5 = 0 \\ u_x(0, y) = -a & \rightarrow C_2 + 2C_3(0) = -a \\ u_x(a, y) = 0 & \rightarrow C_2 + 2C_3(a) = 0 \\ u_y(x, 0) = b & \rightarrow C_4 + 2C_5(0) = b \\ u_y(x, b) = 0 & \rightarrow C_4 + 2C_5(b) = 0 \end{array}$$

Solving the system gives

$$C_2 = -a \quad \text{and} \quad C_3 = \frac{1}{2} \quad \text{and} \quad C_4 = b \quad \text{and} \quad C_5 = -\frac{1}{2}.$$

Therefore,

$$u(x, y) = C_1 - ax + \frac{1}{2}x^2 + by - \frac{1}{2}y^2,$$

where C_1 remains arbitrary.

Note that because the PDE and its boundary conditions are linear, the problem can be split up. Let $u = v + w$, where v and w satisfy the following problems.

$$\begin{array}{ll} \nabla^2 v = 0, & 0 < x < a, \quad 0 < y < b \\ v_x(0, y) = -a, & v_x(a, y) = 0 \\ v_y(x, 0) = 0, & v_y(x, b) = 0 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{ll} \nabla^2 w = 0, & 0 < x < a, \quad 0 < y < b \\ w_x(0, y) = 0, & w_x(a, y) = 0 \\ w_y(x, 0) = b, & w_y(x, b) = 0 \end{array}$$

The method of separation of variables can be applied to solve each problem, as all but one boundary condition are homogeneous in each. Doing so yields these series solutions.

$$\begin{aligned} v(x, y) &= A_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n \cosh \left[\frac{n\pi}{b}(x - a) \right] \cos \frac{n\pi y}{b} \\ w(x, y) &= B_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} B_n \cos \frac{m\pi x}{a} \cosh \left[\frac{m\pi}{a}(y - b) \right] \end{aligned}$$

The issue with them is that the inhomogeneous boundary conditions cannot be satisfied.