

## Exercise 15

Use the *series solution method* to solve the Volterra integral equations:

$$u(x) = \sec x + \tan x - \int_0^x \sec t u(t) dt$$

### Solution

We seek a series solution for  $u$ :

$$u(x) = a_0 + a_1x + a_2x^2 + a_3x^3 + \dots$$

Substitute this and the Taylor series expansions of  $\sec x$ ,

$$\sec x = 1 + \frac{1}{2}x^2 + \frac{5}{24}x^4 + \frac{61}{720}x^6 + \frac{277}{8064}x^8 + \dots,$$

and  $\tan x$ ,

$$\tan x = x + \frac{1}{3}x^3 + \frac{2}{15}x^5 + \frac{17}{315}x^7 + \frac{62}{2835}x^9 + \dots,$$

into the integral equation.

$$\begin{aligned} & a_0 + a_1x + a_2x^2 + a_3x^3 + a_4x^4 + a_5x^5 + a_6x^6 + a_7x^7 + a_8x^8 + a_9x^9 + \dots \\ &= 1 + \frac{1}{2}x^2 + \frac{5}{24}x^4 + \frac{61}{720}x^6 + \frac{277}{8064}x^8 + \dots \\ & \quad x + \frac{1}{3}x^3 + \frac{2}{15}x^5 + \frac{17}{315}x^7 + \frac{62}{2835}x^9 + \dots \\ & \quad - \int_0^x \left( 1 + \frac{1}{2}t^2 + \frac{5}{24}t^4 + \frac{61}{720}t^6 + \dots \right) (a_0 + a_1t + a_2t^2 + a_3t^3 + \dots) dt \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & a_0 + a_1x + a_2x^2 + a_3x^3 + a_4x^4 + a_5x^5 + a_6x^6 + a_7x^7 + a_8x^8 + a_9x^9 + \dots \\ &= 1 + x + \frac{1}{2}x^2 + \frac{1}{3}x^3 + \frac{5}{24}x^4 + \frac{2}{15}x^5 + \frac{61}{720}x^6 + \frac{17}{315}x^7 + \frac{277}{8064}x^8 + \frac{62}{2835}x^9 + \dots \\ & \quad - \int_0^x (a_0 + a_1t + a_2t^2 + a_3t^3 + a_4t^4 + a_5t^5 + a_6t^6 + a_7t^7 + a_8t^8 + \dots) dt \\ & \quad - \frac{1}{2} \int_0^x t^2 (a_0 + a_1t + a_2t^2 + a_3t^3 + a_4t^4 + a_5t^5 + a_6t^6 + \dots) dt \\ & \quad - \frac{5}{24} \int_0^x t^4 (a_0 + a_1t + a_2t^2 + a_3t^3 + a_4t^4 + \dots) dt \\ & \quad - \frac{61}{720} \int_0^x t^6 (a_0 + a_1t + a_2t^2 + \dots) dt - \frac{277}{8064} \int_0^x t^8 (a_0 + \dots) dt - \dots \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & a_0 + a_1x + a_2x^2 + a_3x^3 + a_4x^4 + a_5x^5 + a_6x^6 + a_7x^7 + a_8x^8 + a_9x^9 + \dots \\
 &= 1 + x + \frac{1}{2}x^2 + \frac{1}{3}x^3 + \frac{5}{24}x^4 + \frac{2}{15}x^5 + \frac{61}{720}x^6 + \frac{17}{315}x^7 + \frac{277}{8064}x^8 + \frac{62}{2835}x^9 + \dots \\
 &\quad - \left( a_0x + \frac{a_1}{2}x^2 + \frac{a_2}{3}x^3 + \frac{a_3}{4}x^4 + \frac{a_4}{5}x^5 + \frac{a_5}{6}x^6 + \frac{a_6}{7}x^7 + \frac{a_7}{8}x^8 + \frac{a_8}{9}x^9 + \dots \right) \\
 &\quad - \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{a_0}{3}x^3 + \frac{a_1}{4}x^4 + \frac{a_2}{5}x^5 + \frac{a_3}{6}x^6 + \frac{a_4}{7}x^7 + \frac{a_5}{8}x^8 + \frac{a_6}{9}x^9 + \dots \right) \\
 &\quad - \frac{5}{24} \left( \frac{a_0}{5}x^5 + \frac{a_1}{6}x^6 + \frac{a_2}{7}x^7 + \frac{a_3}{8}x^8 + \frac{a_4}{9}x^9 + \dots \right) \\
 &\quad - \frac{61}{720} \left( \frac{a_0}{7}x^7 + \frac{a_1}{8}x^8 + \frac{a_2}{9}x^9 + \dots \right) - \frac{277}{8064} \left( \frac{a_0}{9}x^9 + \dots \right) - \dots
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & a_0 + a_1x + a_2x^2 + a_3x^3 + a_4x^4 + a_5x^5 + a_6x^6 + a_7x^7 + a_8x^8 + a_9x^9 + \dots \\
 &= 1 + (1 - a_0)x + \left( \frac{1}{2} - \frac{a_1}{2} \right) x^2 + \left( \frac{1}{3} - \frac{a_2}{3} - \frac{a_0}{6} \right) x^3 \\
 &\quad + \left( \frac{5}{24} - \frac{a_3}{4} - \frac{a_1}{8} \right) x^4 + \left( \frac{2}{15} - \frac{a_4}{5} - \frac{a_2}{10} - \frac{a_0}{24} \right) x^5 \\
 &\quad + \left( \frac{61}{720} - \frac{a_5}{6} - \frac{a_3}{12} - \frac{5a_1}{144} \right) x^6 \\
 &\quad + \left( \frac{17}{315} - \frac{a_6}{7} - \frac{a_4}{14} - \frac{5a_2}{168} - \frac{61a_0}{5040} \right) x^7 \\
 &\quad + \left( \frac{277}{8064} - \frac{a_7}{8} - \frac{a_5}{16} - \frac{5a_3}{192} - \frac{61a_1}{5760} \right) x^8 \\
 &\quad + \left( \frac{62}{2835} - \frac{a_8}{9} - \frac{a_6}{18} - \frac{5a_4}{216} - \frac{61a_2}{6480} - \frac{277a_0}{72576} \right) x^9 + \dots
 \end{aligned}$$

Match the coefficients of the respective powers of  $x$  to determine  $a_i$ .

$$\begin{aligned}
 a_0 &= 1 && \rightarrow && a_1 &= 0 \\
 a_1 &= 1 - a_0 && \rightarrow && a_2 &= \frac{1}{2} \\
 a_2 &= \frac{1}{2} - \frac{a_1}{2} && \rightarrow && a_3 &= 0 \\
 a_3 &= \frac{1}{3} - \frac{a_2}{3} - \frac{a_0}{6} && \rightarrow && a_4 &= \frac{5}{24} \\
 a_4 &= \frac{5}{24} - \frac{a_3}{4} - \frac{a_1}{8} && \rightarrow && a_5 &= 0 \\
 a_5 &= \frac{2}{15} - \frac{a_4}{5} - \frac{a_2}{10} - \frac{a_0}{24} && \rightarrow && a_6 &= \frac{61}{720} \\
 a_6 &= \frac{61}{720} - \frac{a_5}{6} - \frac{a_3}{12} - \frac{5a_1}{144} && \rightarrow && a_7 &= 0 \\
 a_7 &= \frac{17}{315} - \frac{a_6}{7} - \frac{a_4}{14} - \frac{5a_2}{168} - \frac{61a_0}{5040} && \rightarrow && a_8 &= \frac{277}{8064} \\
 a_8 &= \frac{277}{8064} - \frac{a_7}{8} - \frac{a_5}{16} - \frac{5a_3}{192} - \frac{61a_1}{5760} && \rightarrow && a_9 &= 0 \\
 a_9 &= \frac{62}{2835} - \frac{a_8}{9} - \frac{a_6}{18} - \frac{5a_4}{216} - \frac{61a_2}{6480} - \frac{277a_0}{72576} && \rightarrow && & \\
 \vdots & && && \vdots &
 \end{aligned}$$

So then

$$\begin{aligned}u(x) &= 1 + \frac{1}{2}x^2 + \frac{5}{24}x^4 + \frac{61}{720}x^6 + \frac{277}{8064}x^8 + \dots \\ &= \sec x.\end{aligned}$$