

Exercise 5

In Exercises 5-8, derive the general solution of the given equation by using an appropriate change of variables, as we did in Example 3.

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} - \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = 0.$$

Solution

Make the change of variables, $\alpha = x + t$ and $\beta = x - t$, and use the chain rule to write the derivatives in terms of these new variables.

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} &= \frac{\partial u}{\partial \alpha} \frac{\partial \alpha}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial \beta} \frac{\partial \beta}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial \alpha}(1) + \frac{\partial u}{\partial \beta}(1) = \frac{\partial u}{\partial \alpha} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial \beta} \\ \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} &= \frac{\partial u}{\partial \alpha} \frac{\partial \alpha}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial \beta} \frac{\partial \beta}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial \alpha}(1) + \frac{\partial u}{\partial \beta}(-1) = \frac{\partial u}{\partial \alpha} - \frac{\partial u}{\partial \beta}\end{aligned}$$

The PDE then becomes

$$\begin{aligned}0 &= \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} - \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \\ &= \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial \alpha} - \frac{\partial u}{\partial \beta} \right) - \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial \alpha} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial \beta} \right) \\ &= -2 \frac{\partial u}{\partial \beta}.\end{aligned}$$

Divide both sides by -2 .

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial \beta} = 0$$

Integrate both sides partially with respect to β to get u .

$$u(\alpha, \beta) = f(\alpha)$$

Here f is an arbitrary function. Now that the general solution to the PDE is known, change back to the original variables.

$$u(x, t) = f(x + t)$$