

## Problem 10

In each of Problems 1 through 10, find the general solution of the given differential equation.

$$2y'' + 2y' + y = 0$$

### Solution

Since this is a linear homogeneous constant-coefficient ODE, the solution is of the form  $y = e^{rt}$ .

$$y = e^{rt} \quad \rightarrow \quad y' = re^{rt} \quad \rightarrow \quad y'' = r^2e^{rt}$$

Substitute these expressions into the ODE.

$$2(r^2e^{rt}) + 2(re^{rt}) + e^{rt} = 0$$

Divide both sides by  $e^{rt}$ .

$$\begin{aligned} 2r^2 + 2r + 1 &= 0 \\ r &= \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{4 - 4(2)(1)}}{2(2)} = \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{-4}}{4} = \frac{-2 \pm 2i}{4} = -\frac{1}{2} \pm \frac{i}{2} \\ r &= \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{2}, -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2} \right\} \end{aligned}$$

Two solutions to the ODE are  $y = e^{(-1/2-i/2)t}$  and  $y = e^{(-1/2+i/2)t}$ , so the general solution is a linear combination of the two.

$$\begin{aligned} y(t) &= C_1e^{(-1/2-i/2)t} + C_2e^{(-1/2+i/2)t} \\ &= C_1e^{-t/2-it/2} + C_2e^{-t/2+it/2} \\ &= C_1e^{-t/2}e^{-it/2} + C_2e^{-t/2}e^{it/2} \\ &= C_1e^{-t/2} \left[ \cos\left(-\frac{t}{2}\right) + i \sin\left(-\frac{t}{2}\right) \right] + C_2e^{-t/2} \left[ \cos\left(\frac{t}{2}\right) + i \sin\left(\frac{t}{2}\right) \right] \\ &= C_1e^{-t/2} \left[ \cos\left(\frac{t}{2}\right) - i \sin\left(\frac{t}{2}\right) \right] + C_2e^{-t/2} \left[ \cos\left(\frac{t}{2}\right) + i \sin\left(\frac{t}{2}\right) \right] \\ &= C_1e^{-t/2} \cos\left(\frac{t}{2}\right) - iC_1e^{-t/2} \sin\left(\frac{t}{2}\right) + C_2e^{-t/2} \cos\left(\frac{t}{2}\right) + iC_2e^{-t/2} \sin\left(\frac{t}{2}\right) \\ &= (C_1 + C_2)e^{-t/2} \cos\left(\frac{t}{2}\right) + (-iC_1 + iC_2)e^{-t/2} \sin\left(\frac{t}{2}\right) \end{aligned}$$

Therefore, using  $C_3$  for  $C_1 + C_2$  and  $C_4$  for  $-iC_1 + iC_2$ ,

$$y(t) = C_3e^{-t/2} \cos\left(\frac{t}{2}\right) + C_4e^{-t/2} \sin\left(\frac{t}{2}\right).$$