

## Problem 7

Recall that  $\cosh bt = (e^{bt} + e^{-bt})/2$  and  $\sinh bt = (e^{bt} - e^{-bt})/2$ . In each of Problems 7 through 10, find the Laplace transform of the given function;  $a$  and  $b$  are real constants.

$$f(t) = \cosh bt$$

### Solution

The Laplace transform of a function  $f(t)$  is defined as

$$F(s) = \mathcal{L}\{f(t)\} = \int_0^{\infty} e^{-st} f(t) dt.$$

Find the Laplace transform of  $\cosh bt$ .

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}\{\cosh bt\} &= \int_0^{\infty} e^{-st} \cosh bt dt \\ &= \int_0^{\infty} e^{-st} \frac{e^{bt} + e^{-bt}}{2} dt \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\infty} e^{-st} (e^{bt} + e^{-bt}) dt \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left( \int_0^{\infty} e^{bt-st} dt + \int_0^{\infty} e^{-bt-st} dt \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left[ \int_0^{\infty} e^{(b-s)t} dt + \int_0^{\infty} e^{(-b-s)t} dt \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{1}{b-s} e^{(b-s)t} \Big|_0^{\infty} + \frac{1}{-b-s} e^{(-b-s)t} \Big|_0^{\infty} \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{1}{b-s} (-1) + \frac{1}{-b-s} (-1) \right] \tag{1} \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{s-b} + \frac{1}{s+b} \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{s+b+s-b}{(s-b)(s+b)} \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{2s}{s^2 - b^2} \right) \\ &= \frac{s}{s^2 - b^2} \end{aligned}$$

Note that for equation (1) to hold, it is critical that  $b - s < 0$  and  $-b - s < 0$ , that is,

$$s > b \quad \text{and} \quad s > -b$$

$$s > |b|.$$