

Problem 3.13

Show that

$$\langle x \rangle = \int \Phi^* \left(i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial p} \right) \Phi dp. \quad (3.57)$$

Hint: Notice that $x \exp(ipx/\hbar) = -i\hbar (\partial/\partial p) \exp(ipx/\hbar)$, and use Equation 2.147. In momentum space, then, the position operator is $i\hbar \partial/\partial p$. More generally,

$$\langle Q(x, p, t) \rangle = \begin{cases} \int \Psi^* \hat{Q} (x, -i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial x}, t) \Psi dx, & \text{in position space;} \\ \int \Phi^* \hat{Q} (i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial p}, p, t) \Phi dp, & \text{in momentum space.} \end{cases} \quad (3.58)$$

In principle you can do all calculations in momentum space just as well (though not always as *easily*) as in position space.

Solution

Calculate the expectation value of position at time t and write it in terms of the momentum-space wave function $\Phi(p, t)$.

$$\begin{aligned} \langle x \rangle &= \frac{\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \Psi^*(x, t) x \Psi(x, t) dx}{\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \Psi^*(x, t) \Psi(x, t) dx} \\ &= \frac{\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \Psi^*(x, t) x \Psi(x, t) dx}{1} \\ &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \Psi^*(x, t) x \Psi(x, t) dx \\ &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\hbar}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{ip'x/\hbar} \Phi(p', t) dp' \right]^* x \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\hbar}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{ipx/\hbar} \Phi(p, t) dp \right] dx \\ &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\hbar}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-ip'x/\hbar} \Phi^*(p', t) dp' \right] \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\hbar}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x e^{ipx/\hbar} \Phi(p, t) dp \right] dx \\ &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\hbar}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-ip'x/\hbar} \Phi^*(p', t) dp' \right] \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\hbar}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\frac{\hbar}{i} \frac{\partial}{\partial p} e^{ipx/\hbar} \right) \Phi(p, t) dp \right] dx \\ &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\hbar}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-ip'x/\hbar} \Phi^*(p', t) dp' \right] \frac{\hbar}{i} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\hbar}} \left[\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial p} e^{ipx/\hbar} \right) \Phi(p, t) dp \right] dx \\ &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\hbar}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-ip'x/\hbar} \Phi^*(p', t) dp' \right] \frac{\hbar}{i} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\hbar}} \underbrace{\left[e^{ipx/\hbar} \Phi(p, t) \right]_{-\infty}^{\infty}}_{=0} - \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{ipx/\hbar} \frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial p} dp \Big] dx \\ &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\hbar}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-ip'x/\hbar} \Phi^*(p', t) dp' \right] (i\hbar) \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\hbar}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{ipx/\hbar} \frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial p} dp \right] dx \end{aligned}$$

Since the integrals have constant limits, they can be ordered in any way.

$$\begin{aligned}
 \langle x \rangle &= \frac{1}{2\pi\hbar} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-ip'x/\hbar} \Phi^*(p', t) (i\hbar) e^{ipx/\hbar} \frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial p} dp' dp dx \\
 &= \frac{1}{2\pi\hbar} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left[\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{i(p-p')x/\hbar} dx \right] \Phi^*(p', t) (i\hbar) \frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial p} dp' dp \\
 &= \frac{1}{2\pi\hbar} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left[2\pi\delta\left(\frac{p-p'}{\hbar}\right) \right] \Phi^*(p', t) (i\hbar) \frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial p} dp' dp \\
 &= \frac{1}{2\pi\hbar} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left[2\pi|\hbar|\delta(p' - p) \right] \Phi^*(p', t) (i\hbar) \frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial p} dp' dp \\
 &= \frac{1}{2\pi\hbar} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left[\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} (2\pi\hbar)\delta(p' - p) \Phi^*(p', t) (i\hbar) \frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial p} dp' \right] dp \\
 &= \frac{1}{2\pi\hbar} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} (2\pi\hbar) \Phi^*(p, t) (i\hbar) \frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial p} dp \\
 &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \Phi^*(p, t) (i\hbar) \frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial p} dp
 \end{aligned}$$

Therefore,

$$\langle x \rangle = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \Phi^*(p, t) \left(i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial p} \right) \Phi(p, t) dp.$$