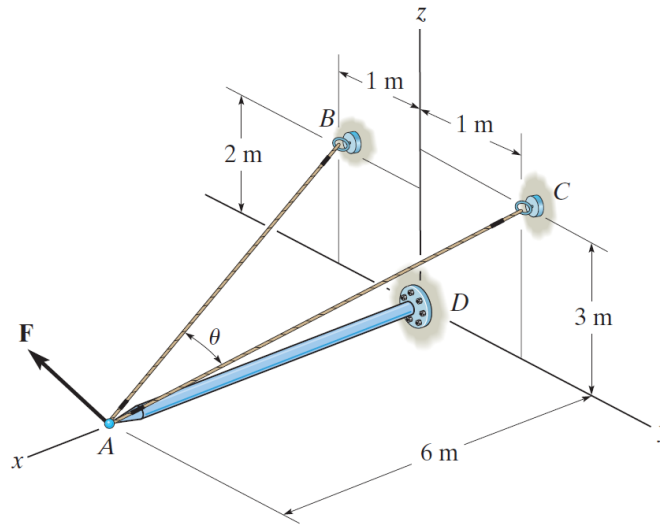


## Problem 2-122

Determine the angle  $\theta$  between the cables  $AB$  and  $AC$ .



Probs. 2-122/123/124

### Solution

Write the position vectors to the points  $A$ ,  $B$ , and  $C$ .

$$\mathbf{r}_A = \langle 6, 0, 0 \rangle \text{ m}$$

$$\mathbf{r}_B = \langle 0, -1, 2 \rangle \text{ m}$$

$$\mathbf{r}_C = \langle 0, 1, 3 \rangle \text{ m}$$

The unit vector going from  $A$  to  $B$  is

$$\hat{\mathbf{u}}_{AB} = \frac{\mathbf{r}_B - \mathbf{r}_A}{|\mathbf{r}_B - \mathbf{r}_A|} = \frac{\langle -6, -1, 2 \rangle}{\sqrt{(-6)^2 + (-1)^2 + (2)^2}},$$

and the unit vector going from  $A$  to  $C$  is

$$\hat{\mathbf{u}}_{AC} = \frac{\mathbf{r}_C - \mathbf{r}_A}{|\mathbf{r}_C - \mathbf{r}_A|} = \frac{\langle -6, 1, 3 \rangle}{\sqrt{(-6)^2 + (1)^2 + (3)^2}}.$$

Take the dot product of these unit vectors.

$$\cos \theta = \hat{\mathbf{u}}_{AB} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{u}}_{AC} = \frac{\langle -6, -1, 2 \rangle}{\sqrt{(-6)^2 + (-1)^2 + (2)^2}} \cdot \frac{\langle -6, 1, 3 \rangle}{\sqrt{(-6)^2 + (1)^2 + (3)^2}} = \sqrt{\frac{41}{46}}$$

Therefore, the angle between  $\mathbf{F}_1$  and  $\mathbf{F}_2$  is

$$\theta = \cos^{-1} \left( \sqrt{\frac{41}{46}} \right) \approx 19.3^\circ.$$