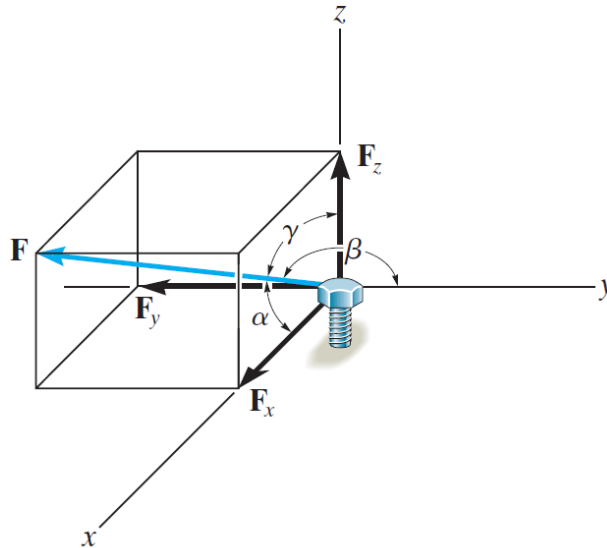


## Problem 2-61

The bolt is subjected to the force  $\mathbf{F}$ , which has components acting along the  $x$ ,  $y$ ,  $z$  axes as shown. If the magnitude of  $\mathbf{F}$  is 80 N, and  $\alpha = 60^\circ$  and  $\gamma = 45^\circ$ , determine the magnitudes of its components.



### Prob. 2-61

#### Solution

The angles that  $\mathbf{F}$  makes with the positive  $x$ - and  $z$ -axes are known, so the components of  $\mathbf{F}$  in these directions can be found.

$$F_x = F \cos \alpha = 80 \cos 60^\circ \text{ N} = 40 \text{ N}$$

$$F_z = F \cos \gamma = 80 \cos 45^\circ \text{ N} \approx 56.6 \text{ N}$$

Use the fact that the sum of the squares of the direction cosines adds to 1 to determine  $\beta$ , the angle that  $\mathbf{F}$  makes with the positive  $y$ -axis.

$$\cos^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \beta + \cos^2 \gamma = 1$$

$$\cos^2 \beta = 1 - \cos^2 \alpha - \cos^2 \gamma$$

$$\cos \beta = \pm \sqrt{1 - \cos^2 \alpha - \cos^2 \gamma}$$

$$\beta = \{60^\circ, 120^\circ\}$$

We choose  $\beta = 120^\circ$  since the angle has to be between  $90^\circ$  and  $180^\circ$ . Therefore, the component along the  $y$ -axis is

$$F_y = F \cos \beta = 80 \cos 120^\circ \text{ N} = -40 \text{ N.}$$

The magnitude of this component is  $|F_y| = 40 \text{ N}$ .