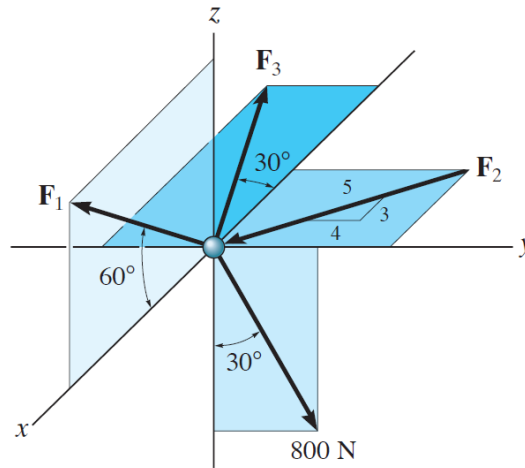


## Problem R3-6

Determine the magnitudes of  $\mathbf{F}_1$ ,  $\mathbf{F}_2$ , and  $\mathbf{F}_3$  for equilibrium of the particle.



**Prob. R3-6**

### Solution

Begin by writing each of the force vectors in component form. Let  $\theta$  be the angle that  $\mathbf{F}_2$  makes with the  $y$ -axis.

$$\mathbf{F}_1 = F_1 \langle \cos 60^\circ, 0, \sin 60^\circ \rangle$$

$$\mathbf{F}_2 = F_2 \langle \sin \theta, -\cos \theta, 0 \rangle = F_2 \left\langle \frac{3}{5}, -\frac{4}{5}, 0 \right\rangle$$

$$\mathbf{F}_3 = F_3 \langle -\cos 30^\circ, -\sin 30^\circ, 0 \rangle$$

$$\mathbf{F} = 800 \langle 0, \sin 30^\circ, -\cos 30^\circ \rangle \text{ N}$$

In order for the particle to be in equilibrium, the sum of the forces must be zero.

$$\mathbf{F}_1 + \mathbf{F}_2 + \mathbf{F}_3 + \mathbf{F} = \mathbf{0}$$

$$F_1 \langle \cos 60^\circ, 0, \sin 60^\circ \rangle + F_2 \left\langle \frac{3}{5}, -\frac{4}{5}, 0 \right\rangle + F_3 \langle -\cos 30^\circ, -\sin 30^\circ, 0 \rangle + 800 \langle 0, \sin 30^\circ, -\cos 30^\circ \rangle \text{ N} = \mathbf{0}$$

$$\left\langle F_1 \cos 60^\circ + \frac{3}{5}F_2 - F_3 \cos 30^\circ, -\frac{4}{5}F_2 - F_3 \sin 30^\circ + 800 \sin 30^\circ, F_1 \sin 60^\circ - 800 \cos 30^\circ \right\rangle = \langle 0, 0, 0 \rangle$$

Match the components to get a system of equations and then solve it.

$$\left. \begin{aligned} F_1 \cos 60^\circ + \frac{3}{5}F_2 - F_3 \cos 30^\circ &= 0 \\ -\frac{4}{5}F_2 - F_3 \sin 30^\circ + 800 \sin 30^\circ &= 0 \\ F_1 \sin 60^\circ - 800 \cos 30^\circ &= 0 \end{aligned} \right\} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} F_1 = 800 \text{ N} \\ F_2 \approx 147 \text{ N} \\ F_3 \approx 564 \text{ N} \end{cases}$$