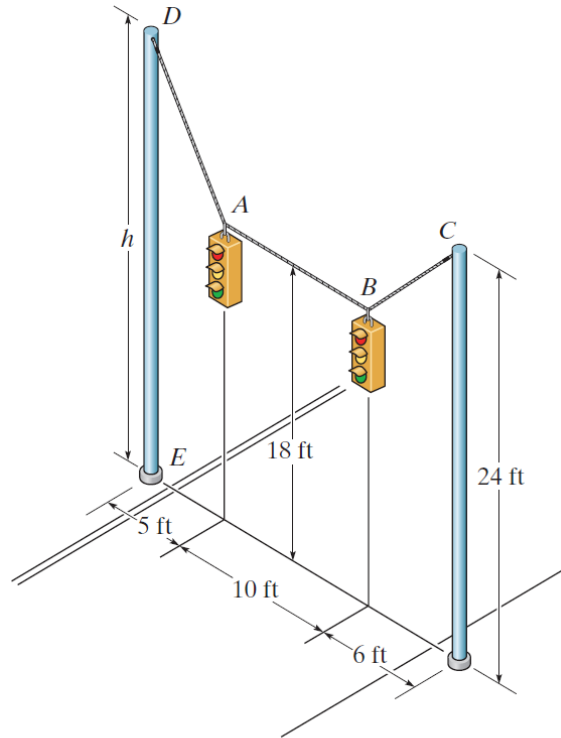


### Problem 3-28

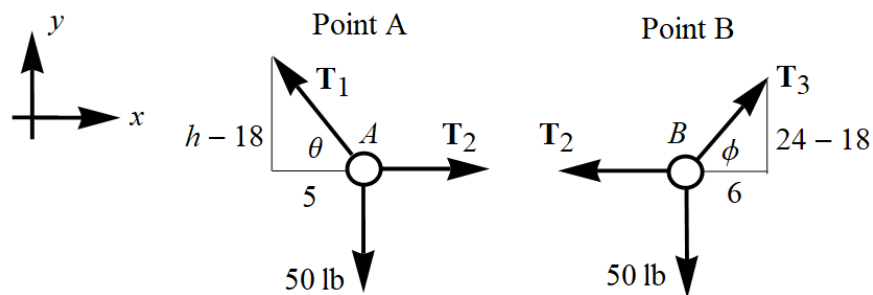
The street-lights at  $A$  and  $B$  are suspended from the two poles as shown. If each light has a weight of 50 lb, determine the tension in each of the three supporting cables and the required height  $h$  of the pole  $DE$  so that cable  $AB$  is horizontal.



Prob. 3-28

### Solution

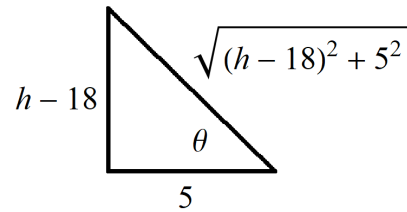
Draw one free-body diagram for point  $A$  and one free-body diagram for point  $B$ .



In order for the system to be in equilibrium, the sum of the forces in each direction must be zero.

$$\begin{aligned} \sum F_x = 0 : & \quad -T_1 \cos \theta + T_2 = 0 & \quad -T_2 + T_3 \cos \phi = 0 \\ \sum F_y = 0 : & \quad T_1 \sin \theta - 50 = 0 & \quad T_3 \sin \phi - 50 = 0 \end{aligned}$$

Use the Pythagorean theorem to determine the left triangle's hypotenuse.



As a result,

$$\cos \theta = \frac{5}{\sqrt{(h-18)^2 + 5^2}} \quad \text{and} \quad \sin \theta = \frac{h-18}{\sqrt{(h-18)^2 + 5^2}}.$$

Since  $\phi$  is known,

$$\tan \phi = \frac{24-18}{6} = 1 \quad \rightarrow \quad \phi = 45^\circ,$$

the four equations can be solved for  $T_1$ ,  $T_2$ ,  $T_3$ , and  $h$ .

$$\left. \begin{aligned} -T_1 \frac{5}{\sqrt{(h-18)^2 + 5^2}} + T_2 &= 0 \\ T_1 \frac{h-18}{\sqrt{(h-18)^2 + 5^2}} - 50 &= 0 \\ -T_2 + T_3 \cos 45^\circ &= 0 \\ T_3 \sin 45^\circ - 50 &= 0 \end{aligned} \right\}$$

Solving the system yields

$$T_1 = 50\sqrt{2} \text{ lb} \approx 70.7 \text{ lb}$$

$$T_2 = 50 \text{ lb}$$

$$T_3 = 50\sqrt{2} \text{ lb} \approx 70.7 \text{ lb}$$

$$h = 23 \text{ ft.}$$