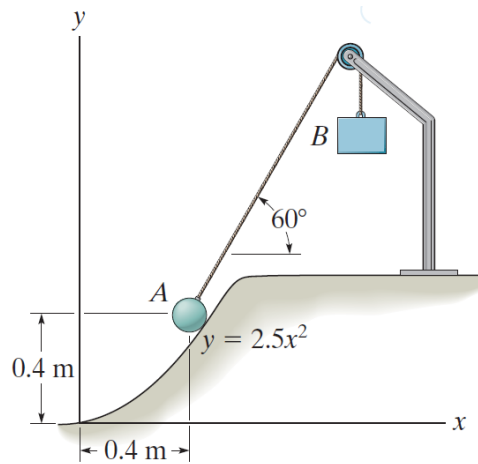


Problem 3-37

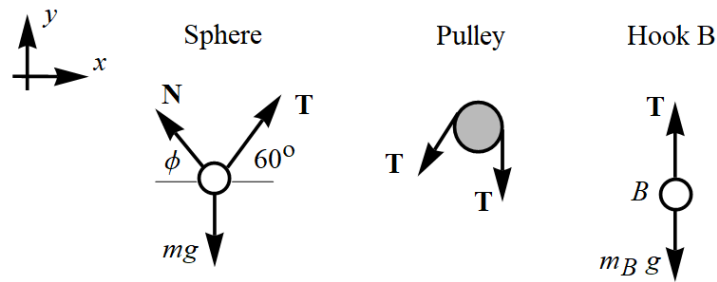
A 4-kg sphere rests on the smooth parabolic surface. Determine the normal force it exerts on the surface and the mass m_B of block B needed to hold it in the equilibrium position shown.



Prob. 3-37

Solution

Draw free-body diagrams for the sphere, the pulley, and hook B .



Note that because the pulley is assumed to be frictionless, the tension is the same in each part of the cable. This means that $T = m_B g$. In order for the system to be in equilibrium, the sum of the forces in each direction must be zero.

$$\sum F_x = 0 : \quad T \cos 60^\circ - N \cos \phi = 0 \quad (1)$$

$$\sum F_y = 0 : \quad T \sin 60^\circ + N \sin \phi - mg = 0 \quad (2)$$

To find ϕ , the angle that \mathbf{N} makes with the horizontal, start by finding the slope where the sphere makes contact.

$$y' = \frac{d}{dx}(2.5x^2) = 5x$$

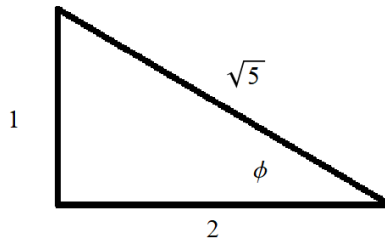
Evaluate it at $x = 0.4$ m.

$$y'(0.4) = 5(0.4) = 2$$

The direction of the normal force is obtained by taking the negative reciprocal.

$$m_{\perp} = \tan \phi = -\frac{1}{2}$$

Draw the implied triangle in order to determine the sine and cosine.



As a result,

$$\cos \phi = \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}} \quad \text{and} \quad \sin \phi = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}},$$

and equations (1) and (2) become

$$m_B g \cos 60^\circ - N \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}} = 0 \tag{3}$$

$$m_B g \sin 60^\circ + N \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} - mg = 0. \tag{4}$$

Solve this system for m_B and N , using $m = 4 \text{ kg}$ and $g = 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2$.

$$m_B \approx 3.58 \text{ kg}$$

$$N \approx 19.7 \text{ N}$$