

Problem 4-2

Prove the triple scalar product identity $\mathbf{A} \cdot (\mathbf{B} \times \mathbf{C}) = (\mathbf{A} \times \mathbf{B}) \cdot \mathbf{C}$.

Solution

Write each of the cross products as determinants, evaluate the dot products, and then evaluate the determinants.

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{A} \cdot (\mathbf{B} \times \mathbf{C}) &= \mathbf{A} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} \hat{\mathbf{x}} & \hat{\mathbf{y}} & \hat{\mathbf{z}} \\ B_x & B_y & B_z \\ C_x & C_y & C_z \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} A_x & A_y & A_z \\ B_x & B_y & B_z \\ C_x & C_y & C_z \end{vmatrix} \\ &= A_x B_y C_z + A_y B_z C_x + A_z B_x C_y - C_x B_y A_z - C_y B_z A_x - C_z B_x A_y \\ (\mathbf{A} \times \mathbf{B}) \cdot \mathbf{C} &= \begin{vmatrix} \hat{\mathbf{x}} & \hat{\mathbf{y}} & \hat{\mathbf{z}} \\ A_x & A_y & A_z \\ B_x & B_y & B_z \end{vmatrix} \cdot \mathbf{C} = \begin{vmatrix} C_x & C_y & C_z \\ A_x & A_y & A_z \\ B_x & B_y & B_z \end{vmatrix} \\ &= C_x A_y B_z + C_y A_z B_x + C_z A_x B_y - B_x A_y C_z - B_y A_z C_x - B_z A_x C_y\end{aligned}$$

Therefore,

$$\mathbf{A} \cdot (\mathbf{B} \times \mathbf{C}) = (\mathbf{A} \times \mathbf{B}) \cdot \mathbf{C}.$$