

## Exercise 6

A triangle has vertices  $(0, 0, 0)$ ,  $(1, 1, 1)$ , and  $(0, -2, 3)$ . Find its area.

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### Solution

Let  $\mathbf{r}_1$  and  $\mathbf{r}_2$  be the displacement vectors from  $(0, 0, 0)$  to  $(1, 1, 1)$  and  $(0, -2, 3)$ , respectively.

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{r}_1 &= (1, 1, 1) - (0, 0, 0) = (1, 1, 1) \\ \mathbf{r}_2 &= (0, -2, 3) - (0, 0, 0) = (0, -2, 3)\end{aligned}$$

Calculate the cross product of  $\mathbf{r}_1$  and  $\mathbf{r}_2$ .

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{r}_1 \times \mathbf{r}_2 &= \begin{vmatrix} \hat{\mathbf{x}} & \hat{\mathbf{y}} & \hat{\mathbf{z}} \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & -2 & 3 \end{vmatrix} \\ &= \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -2 & 3 \end{vmatrix} \hat{\mathbf{x}} - \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{vmatrix} \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & -2 \end{vmatrix} \hat{\mathbf{z}} \\ &= (3 + 2)\hat{\mathbf{x}} - (3 - 0)\hat{\mathbf{y}} + (-2 - 0)\hat{\mathbf{z}} \\ &= 5\hat{\mathbf{x}} - 3\hat{\mathbf{y}} - 2\hat{\mathbf{z}} \\ &= (5, -3, -2)\end{aligned}$$

The area of the parallelogram with sides  $\mathbf{r}_1$  and  $\mathbf{r}_2$  is given by the magnitude of this cross product.

$$A = \|\mathbf{r}_1 \times \mathbf{r}_2\| = \sqrt{5^2 + (-3)^2 + (-2)^2} = \sqrt{38}$$

The area of the triangle is half of this.

$$A_T = \frac{\sqrt{38}}{2}$$