

**Exercise 43**

Find the derivative. Simplify where possible.

$$y = x \sinh^{-1}(x/3) - \sqrt{9 + x^2}$$

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**Solution**

Take the derivative using the chain and product rules.

$$\begin{aligned} y' &= \frac{d}{dx} \left[ x \sinh^{-1} \left( \frac{x}{3} \right) - \sqrt{9 + x^2} \right] \\ &= \frac{d}{dx} \left[ x \sinh^{-1} \left( \frac{x}{3} \right) \right] - \frac{d}{dx} \left( \sqrt{9 + x^2} \right) \\ &= \left[ \frac{d}{dx}(x) \right] \sinh^{-1} \left( \frac{x}{3} \right) + x \left[ \frac{d}{dx} \sinh^{-1} \left( \frac{x}{3} \right) \right] - \frac{1}{2}(9 + x^2)^{-1/2} \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(9 + x^2) \\ &= (1) \sinh^{-1} \left( \frac{x}{3} \right) + x \left[ \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \left( \frac{x}{3} \right)^2}} \cdot \frac{d}{dx} \left( \frac{x}{3} \right) \right] - \frac{1}{2}(9 + x^2)^{-1/2} \cdot (2x) \\ &= \sinh^{-1} \left( \frac{x}{3} \right) + x \left[ \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{x^2}{9}}} \cdot \left( \frac{1}{3} \right) \right] - \frac{x}{\sqrt{9 + x^2}} \\ &= \sinh^{-1} \left( \frac{x}{3} \right) + \frac{x}{\sqrt{9 + x^2}} - \frac{x}{\sqrt{9 + x^2}} \\ &= \sinh^{-1} \left( \frac{x}{3} \right) \end{aligned}$$