

## Exercise 16

Use the De Moivre formulas (11) to derive the standard formulas for  $\cos(\theta + \phi)$  and  $\sin(\theta + \phi)$ .

### Solution

The De Moivre formulas are the exponential representations for sine and cosine.

$$\sin \theta = \frac{e^{i\theta} - e^{-i\theta}}{2i} \quad \text{and} \quad \cos \theta = \frac{e^{i\theta} + e^{-i\theta}}{2} \quad (11)$$

### The Standard Formula for Cosine

Here we will show that

$$\cos(\theta + \phi) = \cos \theta \cos \phi - \sin \theta \sin \phi$$

by working backwards.

$$\begin{aligned} \cos \theta \cos \phi - \sin \theta \sin \phi &= \frac{e^{i\theta} + e^{-i\theta}}{2} \frac{e^{i\phi} + e^{-i\phi}}{2} - \frac{e^{i\theta} - e^{-i\theta}}{2i} \frac{e^{i\phi} - e^{-i\phi}}{2i} \\ &= \frac{1}{4}(e^{i\theta} + e^{-i\theta})(e^{i\phi} + e^{-i\phi}) + \frac{1}{4}(e^{i\theta} - e^{-i\theta})(e^{i\phi} - e^{-i\phi}) \\ &= \frac{1}{4}(e^{i\theta} e^{i\phi} + \cancel{e^{i\theta} e^{-i\phi}} + \cancel{e^{-i\theta} e^{i\phi}} + e^{-i\theta} e^{-i\phi}) \\ &\quad + \frac{1}{4}(e^{i\theta} e^{i\phi} - \cancel{e^{i\theta} e^{-i\phi}} - \cancel{e^{-i\theta} e^{i\phi}} + e^{-i\theta} e^{-i\phi}) \\ &= \frac{1}{2}e^{i\theta} e^{i\phi} + \frac{1}{2}e^{-i\theta} e^{-i\phi} \\ &= \frac{e^{i(\theta+\phi)} + e^{-i(\theta+\phi)}}{2} \\ &= \cos(\theta + \phi) \end{aligned}$$

### The Standard Formula for Sine

Here we will show that

$$\sin(\theta + \phi) = \sin \theta \cos \phi + \cos \theta \sin \phi$$

by working backwards as well.

$$\begin{aligned} \sin \theta \cos \phi + \cos \theta \sin \phi &= \frac{e^{i\theta} - e^{-i\theta}}{2i} \frac{e^{i\phi} + e^{-i\phi}}{2} + \frac{e^{i\theta} + e^{-i\theta}}{2} \frac{e^{i\phi} - e^{-i\phi}}{2i} \\ &= \frac{1}{4i}(e^{i\theta} - e^{-i\theta})(e^{i\phi} + e^{-i\phi}) + \frac{1}{4i}(e^{i\theta} + e^{-i\theta})(e^{i\phi} - e^{-i\phi}) \\ &= \frac{1}{4i}(e^{i\theta} e^{i\phi} + \cancel{e^{i\theta} e^{-i\phi}} - \cancel{e^{-i\theta} e^{i\phi}} - e^{-i\theta} e^{-i\phi}) \\ &\quad + \frac{1}{4i}(e^{i\theta} e^{i\phi} - \cancel{e^{i\theta} e^{-i\phi}} + \cancel{e^{-i\theta} e^{i\phi}} - e^{-i\theta} e^{-i\phi}) \\ &= \frac{1}{2i}e^{i\theta} e^{i\phi} - \frac{1}{2i}e^{-i\theta} e^{-i\phi} \\ &= \frac{e^{i(\theta+\phi)} - e^{-i(\theta+\phi)}}{2i} \\ &= \sin(\theta + \phi) \end{aligned}$$