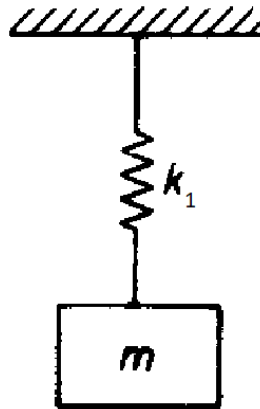


Problem 2.2

A spring-mass system, k_1 and m , has a natural frequency of f_1 . If a second spring k_2 is added in series with the first spring, the natural frequency is lowered to $\frac{1}{2}f_1$. Determine k_2 in terms of k_1 .

Solution

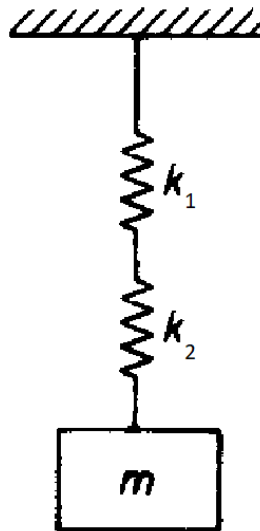
Below is the initial spring-mass system with spring stiffness k_1 and mass m .



The natural frequency for this system is

$$f_1 = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{k_1}{m}}.$$

Now we add a second spring to the system in series.



These two springs in series can be replaced by one effective spring stiffness,

$$k_{\text{eff}} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{k_1} + \frac{1}{k_2}} = \frac{k_1 k_2}{k_1 + k_2}.$$

The natural frequency for this system is

$$\begin{aligned}f_2 &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{k_{\text{eff}}}{m}} \\f_2 &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{k_1 k_2}{m(k_1 + k_2)}} \\ \frac{1}{2} f_1 &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{k_1 k_2}{m(k_1 + k_2)}} \\ \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{k_1}{m}} \right) &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{k_1 k_2}{m(k_1 + k_2)}} \\ \frac{1}{2} &= \sqrt{\frac{k_2}{k_1 + k_2}} \\ \frac{1}{4} &= \frac{k_2}{k_1 + k_2} \\ k_1 + k_2 &= 4k_2 \\ k_1 &= 3k_2.\end{aligned}$$

Therefore,

$$k_2 = \frac{1}{3} k_1.$$