

### Exercise 13

Differentiate the following  $F(x)$  as many times as you need to get rid of the integral sign:

$$F(x) = x + \int_0^x (x-t)u(t) dt$$

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#### Solution

Take the derivative of both sides with respect to  $x$  and use the Leibnitz rule on the integral.

$$F'(x) = 1 + 0 \cdot 1 - xu(0) \cdot 0 + \int_0^x \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (x-t)u(t) dt$$

The first derivative of  $F(x)$  is thus

$$F'(x) = 1 + \int_0^x u(t) dt.$$

Differentiate both sides once more with respect to  $x$ .

$$F''(x) = 0 + \frac{d}{dx} \int_0^x u(t) dt$$

The fundamental theorem of calculus can be applied here to eliminate the integral sign. The second derivative of  $F(x)$  is thus

$$F''(x) = u(x).$$