

Exercise 22

In Exercises 17–24, find the unknown if the solution of each equation is given:

$$\text{If } u(x) = \sin x \text{ is a solution of } u(x) = f(x) + \frac{4}{\pi} \int_0^x \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} u^2(t) dt dt, \text{ find } f(x)$$

Solution

Substitute the solution into both sides of the equation.

$$\begin{aligned} \sin x &= f(x) + \frac{4}{\pi} \int_0^x \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^2 t dt dt \\ &= f(x) + \frac{4}{\pi} \int_0^x \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos 2t) dt dt \\ &= f(x) + \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^x \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} (1 - \cos 2t) dt dt \\ &= f(x) + \frac{2}{\pi} \left(\int_0^x \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} dt dt - \int_0^x \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos 2t dt dt \right) \\ &= f(x) + \frac{2}{\pi} \left(\frac{\pi}{2}x - \underbrace{\int_0^x \frac{1}{2} \sin 2t \Big|_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} dt}_{=0} \right) \\ &= f(x) + x \end{aligned}$$

Therefore,

$$f(x) = \sin x - x.$$